## Vv556 Methods of Applied Mathematics I

**Linear Operators** 

## Assignment 8

Date Due: 2:00 PM, Thursday, the 16<sup>th</sup> of November 2017

This assignment has a total of  $(20 \, Marks)$ .

## Exercise 8.1

Define the operator  $L \colon \ell^2 \to \ell^2$  by

$$L(x_n) = \left(x_1, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}x_2, \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}x_3, \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}}x_4, \ldots\right).$$

- i) Show that L is not a Hilbert-Schmidt operator. (1 Mark)
- ii) Show that L is self-adjoint. (1 Mark)
- iii) Show that L is compact. (2 Marks)
- iv) Find upper and lower bounds for the spectrum of L. (2 Marks)
- v) Find the spectrum of L. (4 Marks)

## Exercise 8.2

Let  $M := \{ u \in L^2([0,1]) \colon u \in C^2(0,1), \ u(0) = u(1) = 0 \}$  and

$$L = \frac{d^2}{dx^2}.$$

Let  $K \colon L^2([0,1]) \to L^2([0,1])$  be given by

$$(Ku)(x) := \int_0^1 g(x,\xi)u(\xi)\,d\xi$$

with

$$g(x,\xi) := \begin{cases} x(1-\xi) & x < \xi, \\ \xi(1-x) & x \ge \xi. \end{cases}$$

- i) Show that K is the inverse of L, i.e., KL = I on M. (This requires some elementary calculations with the integral.)
  (2 Marks)
- ii) Show that L is unbounded. (2 Marks)
- iii) Show that K is compact. (2 Marks)
- iv) Show that  $g(x,\xi) = g(\xi,x)$  and deduce that K is self-adjoint. (2 Marks)
- v) Find the upper and lower bounds of the Rayleigh quotient for K. (2 Marks)

